

STUDENT SAFETY ON CAMPUS

EVERGREEN VALLEY COLLEGE

MARCH 4, 2015

12:30-1:30 PM

PROGRAM

- Welcome— Reyna Avila, ASG President
- Opening Remarks— Henry Yong, President
- What's Our Purpose? —Reyna Avila, ASG President & Irma Archuleta Vice President, Student Affairs
- Student Panel: Ginger Guerra, Maria de Lourdes Ramos, Deanna Glover & Reyna Avila
- Alarming Facts— Reyna Avila, ASG President
- Legislative History-- Irma Archuleta Vice President, Student Affairs
- Interpreting the Laws/District Policies, Rosalie Ledesma, Executive Director of Government & External Affairs
- Q&A
- Resources

FORUM PURPOSE

EDUCATE

INFORM

CREATE AWARENESS

Student Panelist

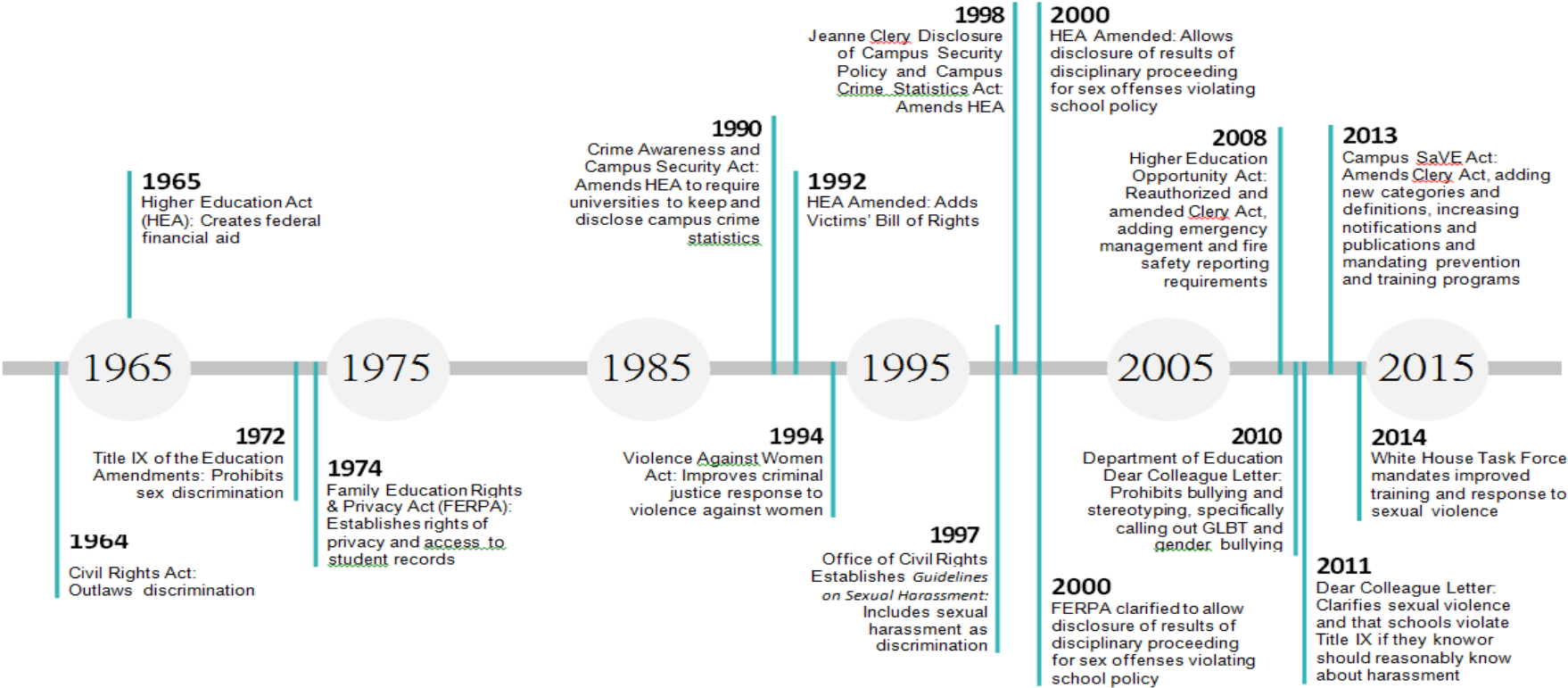
- Ginger Guerra, ASG Senator
- Maria de Lourdes, AB540/OASISS
- Deanna Glover,

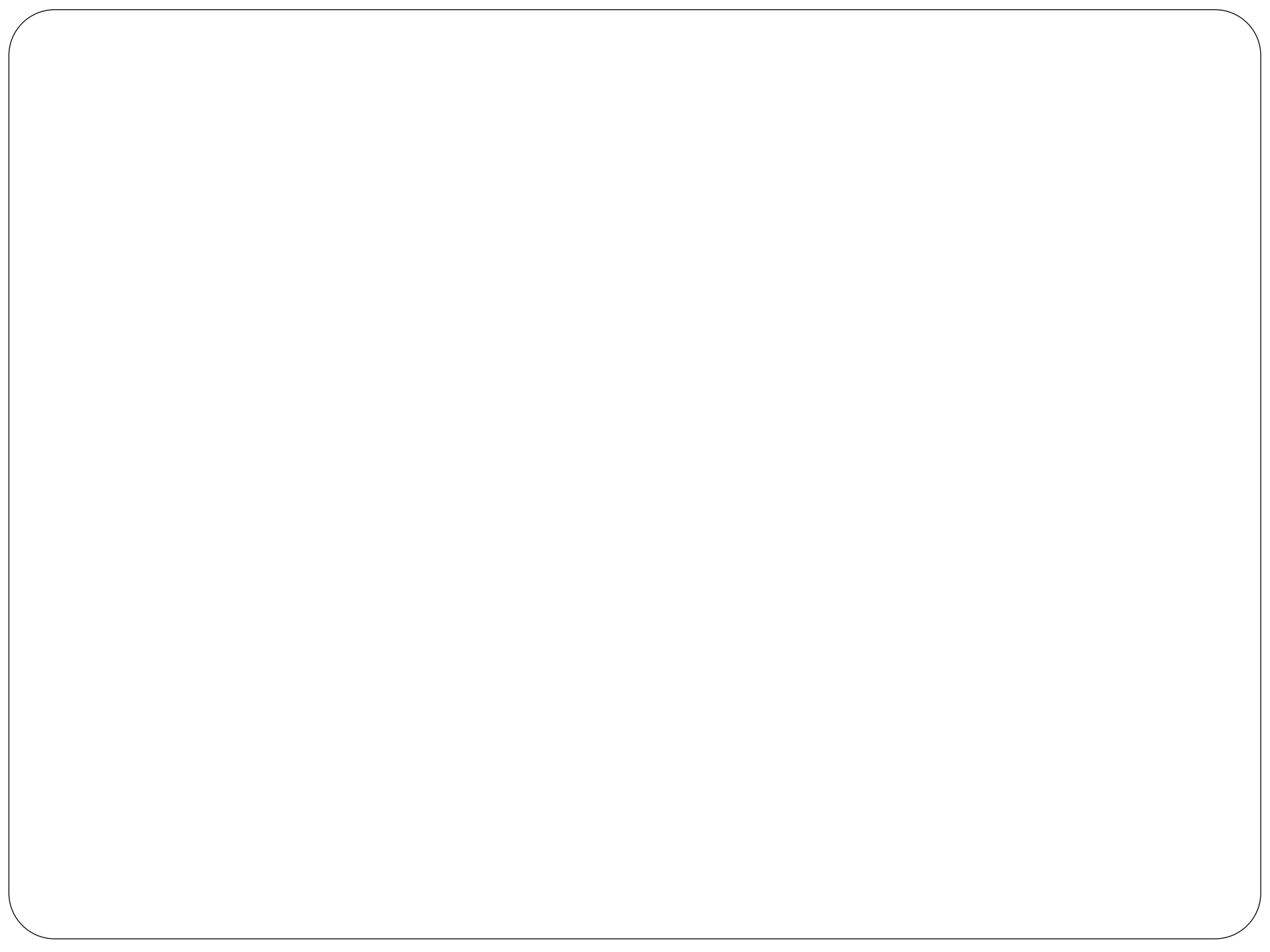
Alarming Statistics

- That 20-25% of females will be the victims of rape or attempted rape on campus each year?
- 90% of those victims know their attacker.
- 75% of campus sexual assaults involve alcohol consumption by the victim or perpetrator.
- 55% of women and 75% of men involved in acquaintances rape report having been having been drinking or using drugs prior to the incident.

Legislative History

Mandates for campuses to provide a safe and non-discriminatory learning environment are not new. For decades, legislation has been evolving to increase awareness and develop consequences for on-campus violence, misconduct, and discrimination. Here is a small selection of the major legal changes that have been enacted since 1964.





By Law College Campus are Required To:

- Establish policies and procedures that protect students
- Train employees on how to respond and investigate sexual assault and violent crimes
- Maintain statistics and report on sexual assault and violent crimes
- Educate and inform students about what to do if they are a victim of sexual crime on campus

INTERPRETING THE LAW

SB 967 “YES” MEANS “YES” was signed into law by Governor Brown on 9/29/14

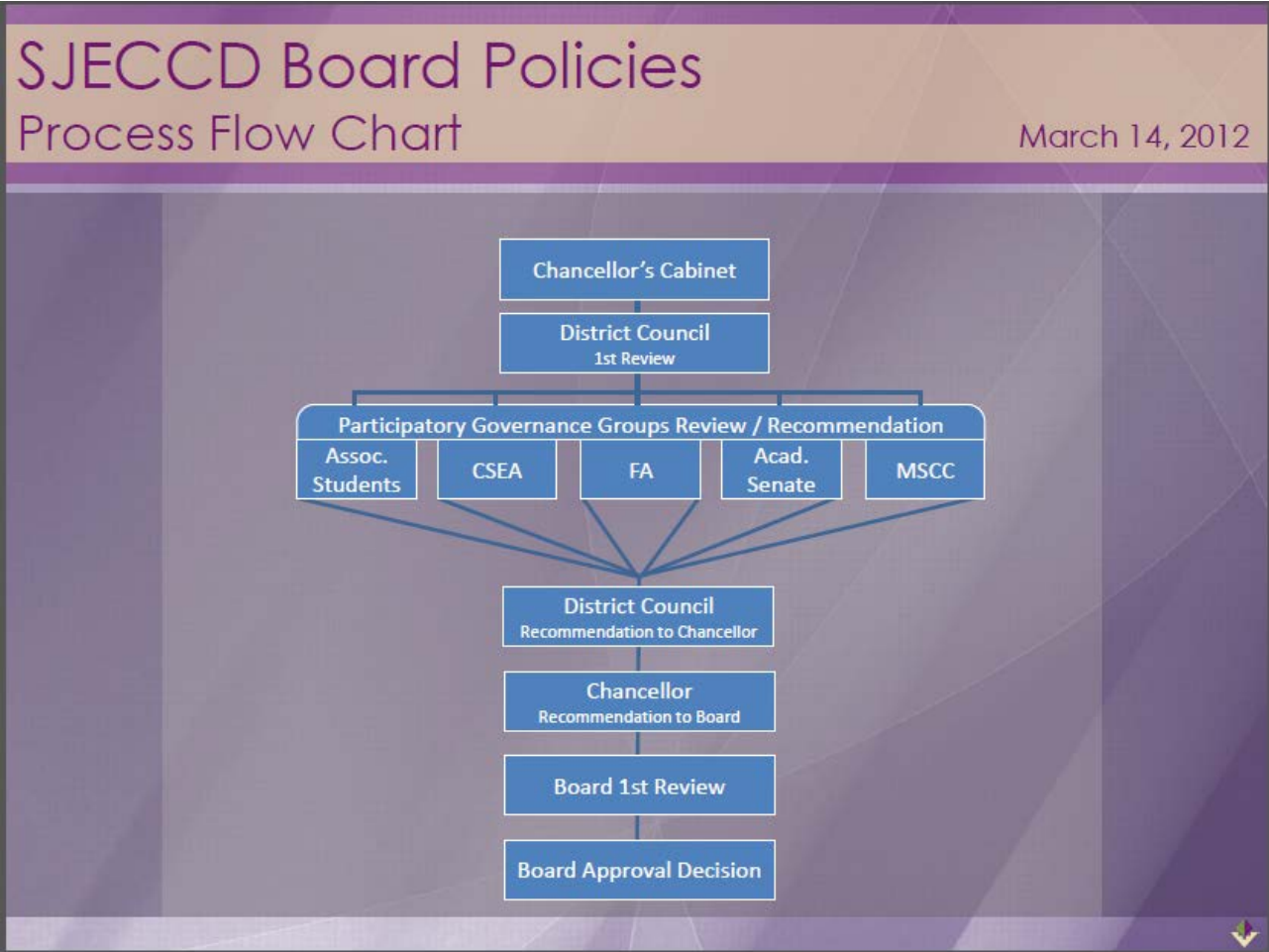
- Requires governing boards of each community college district, shall adopt policies concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking that includes various elements, including an affirmative consent standard in the determination of whether consent was given by a complainant (“yes” means “yes”).
- Specifically that each person involved in the sexual activity has received the affirmative consent of the other or others to engage in the sexual activity. Lack of protest or resistance does not mean consent, nor does silence mean consent.
- Affirmative consent must be ongoing throughout a sexual activity and can be revoked at any time. The existence of a dating relationship between the persons involved, or the fact of a past sexual relations between them, should never by itself be assumed to be an indicator of consent.

INTERPRETING THE LAW

AB 1433, Gatto. Student safety. - Signed into law by Governor Brown on 9/29/15

Requires governing board of each community college district to adopt and implement written policies and procedures to ensure that any report of a Part 1 violent crime, **sexual assault or hate crime, committed on or off campus**, received by a campus security authority and made by the victim for purposes of notifying the institution or law enforcement, is immediately, or as soon as practically possible, **forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement agency without identifying the victim**, unless the victim consents after the victim has been informed of his or her right to have his or her personally identifying information withheld.

SJECED BOARD POLICIES PROCESS



2015 STUDENT SAFETY ON CAMPUS EVENTS

- March 18-- FORUM--UNDERSTANDING THE LAWS/COLLEGE RESPONSIBILITIES
- April 8-- SELF DEFENSE
- April 22 -- KNOWYOUR RESOURCES
- April 29-- STUDENT ACTION DAY

Resources

- <http://www.evc.edu/discover-evc/sexual-misconduct-title-ix>
- WWW.CAMPUSANSWERS.COM